2018-27 (2ND READING): AN ORDINANCE TO AMEND THE COMPREHENSIVE PLAN FOR THE CITY OF MYRTLE BEACH BY ADOPTING THE CULTURAL RESOURCES ELEMENT.

Applicant/Purpose: Staff/ to amend the Cultural Arts Element of the City's Comprehensive Plan.

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#### **Brief:**

- This is 1 of 13 elements of the Comp Plan & the next to be updated.
- As it emerged from Planning Commission the proposed update includes 6 City objectives:
  - 1. Develop & implement a public art policy & include as a component in new construction projects.
  - 2. Continue efforts to complete a new Performing Arts Center, to replace Chapin Memorial Library, & to complete a Children's museum structure.
  - 3. Explore development of an arts district.
  - 4. Support intergenerational, multi-cultural community arts programs & enhance after-school, evening, & summer arts programming.
  - 5. Continue to provide [everyone] w/ local cultural arts info. Strengthen exchange of info & the coordination of arts organization activities.
  - 6. Continue to diversify the travel & tourism industry by expanding cultural tourism thru signature cultural events.

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## Issues:

- Since the draft was reviewed by PC discussions have taken place which impact the proposed rewrite:
  - o A growing realization of the impact that arts could have on the City's downtown revitalization efforts.
  - o Some initial energy around the concept of an arts district in the area now known as the Superblock to include a possible potential partnership w/ CCU.
  - Direction by Council to issue an RFP for a Downtown Masterplan Consultant.
- Due to these changes staff has proposed to drop objective #2 above as these facilities are elements in the Arts District concept currently under consideration, & to update the wording of the remaining objectives.

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#### **Public Notification:**

- State law requires a public hearing w/ related notice in order to amend the Comp Plan.
- The public hearing was held on this matter prior to the April 24, 2018 City Council workshop. No member of the public appeared.
- Normal City Council meeting public notice.

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#### **Alternatives:**

- Do not amend this element of the Comp Plan.
- Change the proposed Comp Plan prior to adopting the amendments.

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Financial Impact: None from the adoption of this Plan update. Council will consider a financing plan prior to deciding to move forward on any new arts venues.

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## Manager's Recommendation:

- I recommend 1st reading (5/8/18).
- I recommend 2<sup>nd</sup> reading & approval w/ the revised wording of the objectives as presented (5/22/18).

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### Attachments: Proposed ordinance.

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2 3 4 5 6 7 8	CITY OF MYRTLE BEACH COUNTY OF HORRY STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA	AN ORIDNANCE TO AMEND THE COMPREHENSIVE PLAN FOR THE CITY OF MYRTLE BEACH BY ADOPTING THE CULTURAL RESOURCES ELEMENT
9 10 11 12	WHEREAS, the Planning Commission is authorized by S.C. Code § 6-29-510 to establish and maintain a planning process which will result in the systematic preparation and continual evaluation and updating of the elements of the Comprehensive Plan;	
12 13 14 15 16	WHEREAS, the Comprehensive Plan includes a Cultural Resources Element which presents information related to historic preservation, community appearance, and the arts;	
17 18 19 20	WHEREAS, the Planning Commission by resolution has recommended the attached Cultural Resources Element be adopted by the governing body as per S.C. Code 6-29-530;	
21 22 23 24 25	WHEREAS, the Comprehensive Plan is an expression of the City Council's policy directives and reflects prudent and efficient use of public funds, advisable sustainable guidelines for future development and redevelopment within the City's jurisdiction and thoughtful consideration of the fiscal impact on property owners; and	
26 27 28 29 30	NOW, THEREFORE, IT IS ORDAINED that the City Council hold a public hearing (first reading on April 10, 2018) and that the attached Cultural Resources Element of the Comprehensive Plan for the City of Myrtle Beach is hereby approved (second reading) as required under S.C. Code § 6-29-530.	
31 32 33	This ordinance shall become effective in	nmediately after adoption.
34 35 36	ATTEST:	Brenda Bethune, Mayor
37 38 39	Jennifer Stanford, City Clerk	
40 41	1 <sup>ST</sup> Reading: 5-8-18 2 <sup>nd</sup> Reading: 5-22-18	

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## Overview

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Unprecedented growth and development has had a tremendous impact on our cultural, historic and natural integrity. The goal of the cultural resources element is to ensure our man-made and natural assets of the community will be protected and enhanced to ensure a high quality of life and healthy climate for economic development.

## Historic Preservation Subelement

## Where We Are Now



Once Myrtle Beach was simply beach, swamp and dense forest. In the 1880s a small cluster of homes and businesses were built on the Withers Swash beside Kings Highway. This small village was the core upon which developers built New Town, later to be named Myrtle Beach. Near the end of the 19<sup>th</sup> century, the Myrtle Beach Farms Company started acquiring property

east of the Waccamaw River from the Withers Family. The company recognized the value of the land for expansion of their farming industry and the beachfront to be used as a vacation spot for their employees.

The 1920s was a time of major expansion for Myrtle Beach. Houses and motels were developed along the beachfront and vacation cottages were scattered about the beach. Since the 1920s, expansion has been the major means by which Myrtle Beach has accommodated economic development. Local business people have redeveloped their properties as changes in the accommodations and amusement industries required new and larger facilities. Major disasters including Hurricanes Hazel and Hugo and changes in financing and marketing (such as the designation of Myrtle Beach as a metropolitan area) have provided their own impetus for redevelopment through the years.

## Where Do We Want To Be

Places of history provide communities with familiar environments that make people feel comfortable and secure. Community history and local legends give people a tangible record of their heritage. Looking to the past helps to prepare the community for planning for the future.

Historic preservation is important to any community



for several reasons. The most significant is that the continuing presence of a community's history, freely visible to all who pass along its streets, provides residents, businesses, and visitors with a perspective on what their roles are in the community. It provides a key to what the community believes is important and a sense of connection to something larger than the immediate concerns of the day.

For tourist communities, historic preservation is often a major attraction. Not only do preserved buildings create a higher quality of life for residents, they also are often the basis for the tourist industry. Historic resources are a major draw for the growing cultural tourism industry. Preservation of the area's historic resources complements the natural attractions in the area to make Myrtle Beach a destination for the nature, or eco-tourist. In addition, historic preservation enhances the value of 2<sup>nd</sup> and 3<sup>rd</sup>



row properties. If the beach is not close enough to create value, then perhaps the presence of a historic district can make these properties competitive.

Currently there are no city regulations in place to mandate historic preservation, and there are no city guidelines or incentive programs to encourage such preservation. The preservation philosophy behind a successful historic preservation program rests upon four basic assumptions:

 When historical and archaeological resources are destroyed, they are gone forever.

Historic preservation is an important public service and a legitimate responsibility of city government. Historic buildings and sites give Myrtle Beach much of its special character and community identity.

Not everything that is old is worth preserving, nor is historic preservation concerned primarily with the creation of museums or other public attractions. To be considered for preservation, a property must be demonstrably significant in history, architecture, or archaeology and it must also be adaptable to modern needs and uses.

Historic preservation is entirely compatible with economic development.
 Everyone profits by recycling historically significant buildings and adapting them to new, economically viable uses.

As the city works to become a sustainable city what better way to accomplish this goal than preserving our history for future generations.

## **Historic Preservation Goal**

Lands, sites and structures that have historical or archaeological significance will be identified, preserved, and protected.

# **Historic Preservation Objectives**

- a. Implementation Strategy: Identify historic properties that can be rehabilitated and reused by the public and private sectors such as the buildings used to create Swansgate apartments (old Carver Training School) and Balsam Place Apartments (old Pam's Motel); Base Recreation Center, Crabtree Gym, Warbird and Grand Parks (former Air Force Base properties); the Train Depot (used for meetings and weddings); Withers Swash Park and cemetery; and Charlie's Place.
- b. Responsible Agency: Planning and Neighborhood Services Departments.
- c. Time Frame: On-Going.

# Community Appearance Subelement

## Where We Are Now

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Since the beginning of the City's history as an oceanfront vacation destination, appearance Tree role. played an important regulation of landscaping, preservation, other signs, and billboards and telecommunications, all have been the subject of much study and new regulations, and are certainly critical to community appearance. In addition, views of the ocean, waterways, and

other natural areas are potentially key ingredients to maintaining and improving the appearance of Myrtle Beach.

Areas along Kings Highway and Highway 501 show a lack of attention to community appearance and a changing economy. Numerous businesses have closed leaving empty unkempt buildings. Many businesses have been torn down leaving littered vacant lots. Some existing businesses have allowed their facades and landscaping to deteriorate. All of this leaves the image of blight in the heart of our city which attracts crime or gives the perception of a high crime area.

One of the most appealing features of the city is the appearance of some of its residential neighborhoods. Most of the houses in the city are well maintained. Neighborhood Services administers a housing rehabilitation program to assist low-income homeowners with necessary home repairs.

The aesthetic quality of a community is very important but the perception about a community is equally important. The City is working to improve neighborhoods that is coordinated by our Neighborhood Services, Property Maintenance and Law Enforcement staff. Twenty-six monthly neighborhood meetings are held to encourage

our residents and business owners to keep their properties properly maintained and to report crime as well as to get input to make our community more livable and sustainable.

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## Where Do We Want To Be

A community is judged by its appearance. First impressions count. Community appearance and design involves all of the physical elements within the community. It includes overall street layout, specifics of roadway construction, street lighting, signs, pedestrian amenities, street trees and other landscaping. It also



includes all aspects of residential, public and commercial building design - architectural style, massing, scale, height, and setting. Site design for commercial, industrial, and public buildings includes vehicle and pedestrian access to the site, parking, pedestrian and bicycle amenities, signs, public art, and landscaping. Zoning regulations control minimum requirements such as building setbacks from the front, rear, and side property lines, maximum building height, and percentage of impervious surface coverage. However, zoning controls alone cannot adequately control the three dimensional aspects of development, nor can they describe the appropriate relationship between structures. Generally, zoning regulations do not define architectural style for the building or a functional, attractive site design. While some of these issues are addressed during the normal review process, design guidelines or regulations are necessary to articulate more specific intentions for building design and site elements for the community.

Community pride is projected through the development and maintenance of a distinctive, attractive image. Throughout the comprehensive planning process residents, business owners and visitors to our community have supported enhancing the city's entryways, business corridors, and neighborhoods.

People don't want to live in an unattractive environment, nor do they want to work or play in one. As the appearance of a community begins to deteriorate, its residents seek out newer, more attractive communities, usually on the outskirts of town. Businesses start to follow, and, before you know it, you have urban sprawl. Not only do you have people moving out of the city, but you are not attracting new people to your city.



For a tourist destination community appearance is of the utmost importance. Such cities must be as attractive as possible. In fact, when families are making their travel plans, they look often to vacation somewhere nicer than the place where they live.

Community Appearance Goal

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**Arts Subelement** 

Where Are We Now

The Myrtle Beach community will be aesthetically appealing and recognized for the beauty and cleanliness of its built and natural environments while encouraging development with high aesthetic standards that are compatible with adjoining land

# **Community Appearance Objective**

Objective 1: Create a community master plan using accepted community design guidelines, environmental, public art, and property maintenance standards to foster a distinct identity for Myrtle Beach subject to the Community Appearance Board approval.

- a. Implementation Strategy: The master plan will include but not be limited to:
  - Sustainability design guidelines for commercial corridors establishing the appropriate treatment and detailing of facades, the use of materials and color schemes, massing and scale of buildings, appropriate signage which reduces visual clutter, lighting, parking lot design, circulation, landscaping and screening of mechanical equipment and garbage/recycling containers. Design guidelines for commercial properties are evaluated first at the site plan scale, and then at the facade, sign, and landscape scales.
  - Defining and instituting beachfront and waterway development standards.
  - Providing incentives for green building.
  - The community tree planting plan.
  - Protecting and enhancing beach access by providing better facilities and infrastructure along the beach including ADA showers, restrooms, and walkers, dune compliant trash/recycling/pet waste receptacles.
  - Establish visual buffers using landscape materials primarily of indigenous plants between the dunes and the buildings and parking lots along the beach to enhance the natural beauty of the beach and accentuate view corridors.
  - Eliminating overhead utility lines in developed areas and in new development.
- Planning, Construction Services (Zoning) and b. Responsible Agency: Community Appearance Board.
- c. Time Frame: On-Going.

- One goal of a sustainable city is to help foster a civic environment where artistic
- 2 expression and cultural diversity can flourish; where the influence of the arts on the
- 3 local economy and as a factor in economic development is recognized; and where
- 4 local government and city leaders legitimize the arts as an essential component of
- 5 civic support, funding and decision making.
- 6 The city helps to support the arts through special events and festivals and the
- 7 allocation of accommodations tax funds to local arts groups and other tourism-
- 8 oriented organizations.

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# **Cultural Arts Advisory Committee**

In 2001 Council established the Cultural Arts Advisory Committee. The committee



serves in an advisory capacity to City Council through the Manager. The Committee also coordinates its activities with the Planning Commission on appropriate elements of the Comprehensive Plan. Since its establishment the Committee has written a Cultural Arts Plan which was incorporated into the arts subelement of the Comprehensive Plan in 2006; has been responsible for an art in public places ordinance, a mural ordinance, the "Carousel Horses on Parade" fundraiser for the creation of a cultural arts center, the Mr. Joe White shoe painting contest and murals painted on the buildings at the local recreation centers; the placement of the Mr. Joe White sculpture in the Historic Myrtle Beach Colored School Museum and

Education Center; and the creation of the seating wall in Bathsheba Bowens Memorial Park.

## Where Do We Want To Be

A sustainable community acknowledges economic, environmental and social issues are interrelated in creating an exceptional quality of life for residents as well as having a positive impact on economic development and tourism. According to studies, knowledge-workers who form the background of what Carnegie Melon University calls the "new economy" value quality of place above nearly all other factors in choosing where to locate. The four factors that determine that quality are lifestyle, environmental quality, natural and outdoor amenities and a vibrant arts environment.

A National Governors' Association's Best Practices reports how arts programs have served as components of high-impact economic development programs by, among other things:

- Restoring and revitalizing communities by serving as a centerpiece for downtown development.
- Creating vibrant public spaces resulting in improved quality of life, expanded business and tax revenue base and positive regional and community image.

As tourism is a major part of the Myrtle Beach economy, it is important to note that cultural tourism is a recognized economic driver. One recent study revealed that the cultural tourist spends 38% more per day, stays 22% longer than the average traveler, travels more frequently and is more likely to share travel experiences with friends and on social media.



The positive effect of cultural tourism and supporting the arts efforts that sustain it is exponential, in that it not only benefits the typical tourist businesses but also spreads economic benefits to businesses that are not included in traditional destination marketing, builds relationships within the community and encourages the development of new community amenities, activities and attractions.

# Arts Goal

A diverse, affordable arts program will be created that provides education and cultural enrichment, recognition of local artists, and regional exposure.

## **Arts Objectives**

**Objective 1:** Develop and implement a public art policy for the community and include as a component in new construction projects.

- a. Implementation Strategy: The Cultural Arts Advisory Committee, with the assistance of the Planning Department, Planning Commission, and Community Appearance Board, will assist in the development and implementation of a policy to proliferate public art in the community.
- **b.** Responsible Agency: The Cultural Arts Advisory Committee with support from the Planning Department.
- c. Time Frame: On-Going.

**Objective 2:** Continue recent efforts to complete a new Performing Arts Center, to replace the existing Chapin Memorial Library with a modern, expanded state-of the art facility, and to complete a structure for use as a Children's museum.

- a. Implementation Strategy: A citizens' group has been working to support the need for a performing arts center. The Chapin Library Advisory Board with the assistance of the Library staff will make recommendations to City Council. The City is working with the Children's Museum of South Carolina to build a new joint use facility in the Superblock area.
- b. Responsible Agency: The City Manager's Office.
- c. Time Frame: Short Term.

**Objective 3:** Explore the development of an arts district for all cultural arts disciplines.

 a. Implementation Strategy: The Planning Department, with the assistance of the Cultural Arts Advisory Committee, Planning Commission, and

**Objective 4:** Support intergenerational, multi-cultural community arts programs while enhancing after-school, evening, and summer arts programming for children and adults.

a. Implementation Strategy: Work with local arts organizations and appropriate agencies to provide intergenerational and multi-cultural arts programming for the community.

b. Responsible Agency: The Art Museum, Children's Museum of SC, Grand Strand Senior Center, Coastal Carolina University, and Recreation Department.

c. Time Frame: On-Going.

**Objective 5:** Continue to provide all residents and visitors in the area, as well as business and industry wishing to locate here, with information concerning the cultural arts while strengthening the exchange of information and the coordination of activities of the arts organizations.



a. Implementation Strategy: Local arts organizations, Public Information Office, and TAGS (TheArtsGrandStrand.org) will work with the Coastal Carolina Association of Realtors in getting information to newcomers about the arts opportunities available in this community. These organizations will also work with the proposed Economic Development Department, Myrtle Beach Regional Economic Development Corporation, NESA and the Myrtle Beach Area Chamber of Commerce.

b. Responsible Agency: Local arts organizations and TAGS.

c. Time Frame: On-Going.

**Objective 6:** Continue to diversify the travel and tourism industry by expanding cultural tourism through signature events in the city that promote the arts.



a. Implementation Strategy: The Cultural Arts
Advisory Committee, proposed Economic
Development Department, Myrtle Beach Area
Chamber of Commerce, SC Arts Commission,
and SC Parks, Recreation and Tourism work
together to identify existing and potential

cultural tourism opportunities in the area and implement a marketing plan to bring visitors to the area that are interested in cultural tourism.

b. Responsible Agency: The Cultural Arts Advisory Committee and Planning Department.

 c. Time Frame: On-Going.

# RESETUTION



STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA COUNTY OF HORRY CITY OF MYRTLE BEACH RESOLUTION RECOMMENDING ADOPTION OF THE CULTURAL RESOURCES ELEMENT AMENDMENT TO THE CITY OF MYRTLE BEACH COMPREHENSIVE PLAN

**WHEREAS**, the Planning Commission is authorized by S.C. Code § 6-29-510 to establish and maintain a planning process which will result in the systematic preparation and continual evaluation and updating of the elements of the Comprehensive Plan;

**WHEREAS**, the Comprehensive Plan includes a Cultural Resources Element which presents information related to historic preservation, community appearance, and the arts;

WHEREAS, the Comprehensive Plan states that the City schedule amendments and rewrites of the population and other elements of the Comprehensive Plan to occur after the completion and release of the 2010 US Census Bureau data;

WHEREAS, the Planning Department staff in cooperation with the City Manager's office has updated the Cultural Resources Element based on the 2010 US Census Bureau data; and

WHEREAS, the amendment to the Cultural Resources Element is an expression of the Planning Commission's recommendations to the Myrtle Beach City Council and reflects prudent and efficient use of public funds and thoughtful consideration of the fiscal impact on property owners; and

**NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED THAT** the Planning Commission, in session duly assembled, and by the affirmative vote of a majority of its members passes a resolution of support for the Cultural Resources Element amendment to the Comprehensive Plan and encourages the City Council to adopt the amended plan;

**AND BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED THAT** the Planning Commission hereby forwards the above Comprehensive Plan update and rewrite to the Myrtle Beach City Council for adoption.

Done this 2<sup>nd</sup> day of January 2018.

Bill Pritchard, Chair

Myrtle Beach Planning Commission